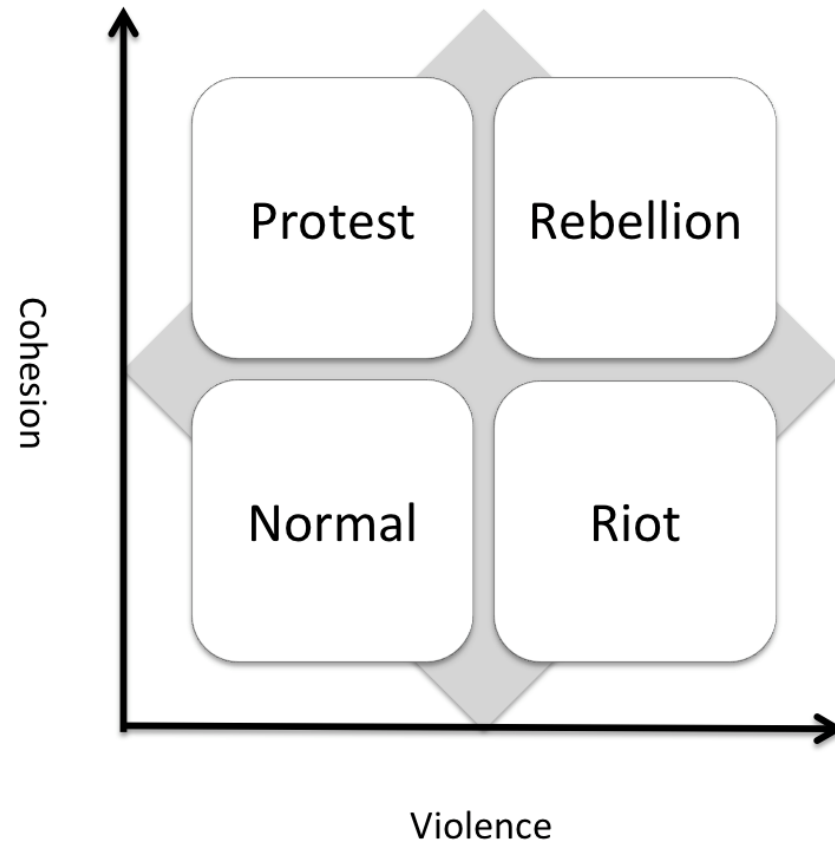


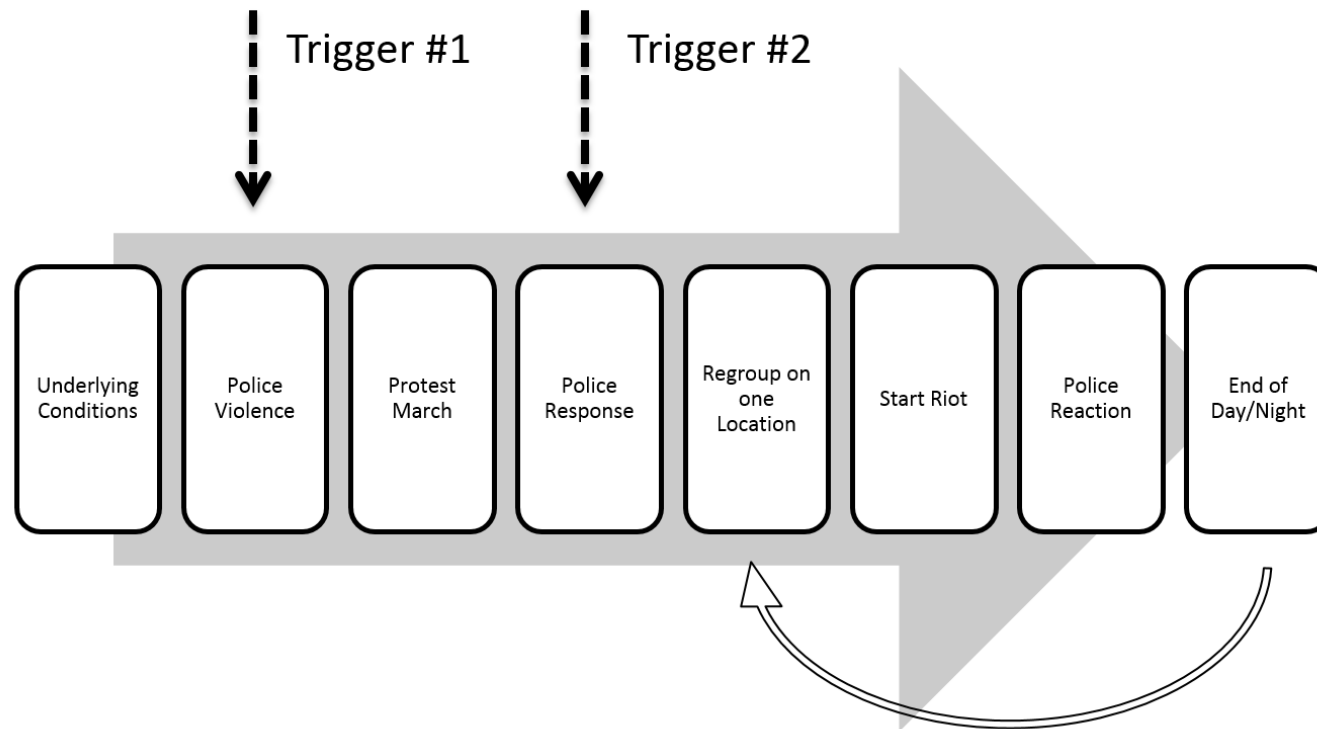
Riot Modelling

Jelte Mense

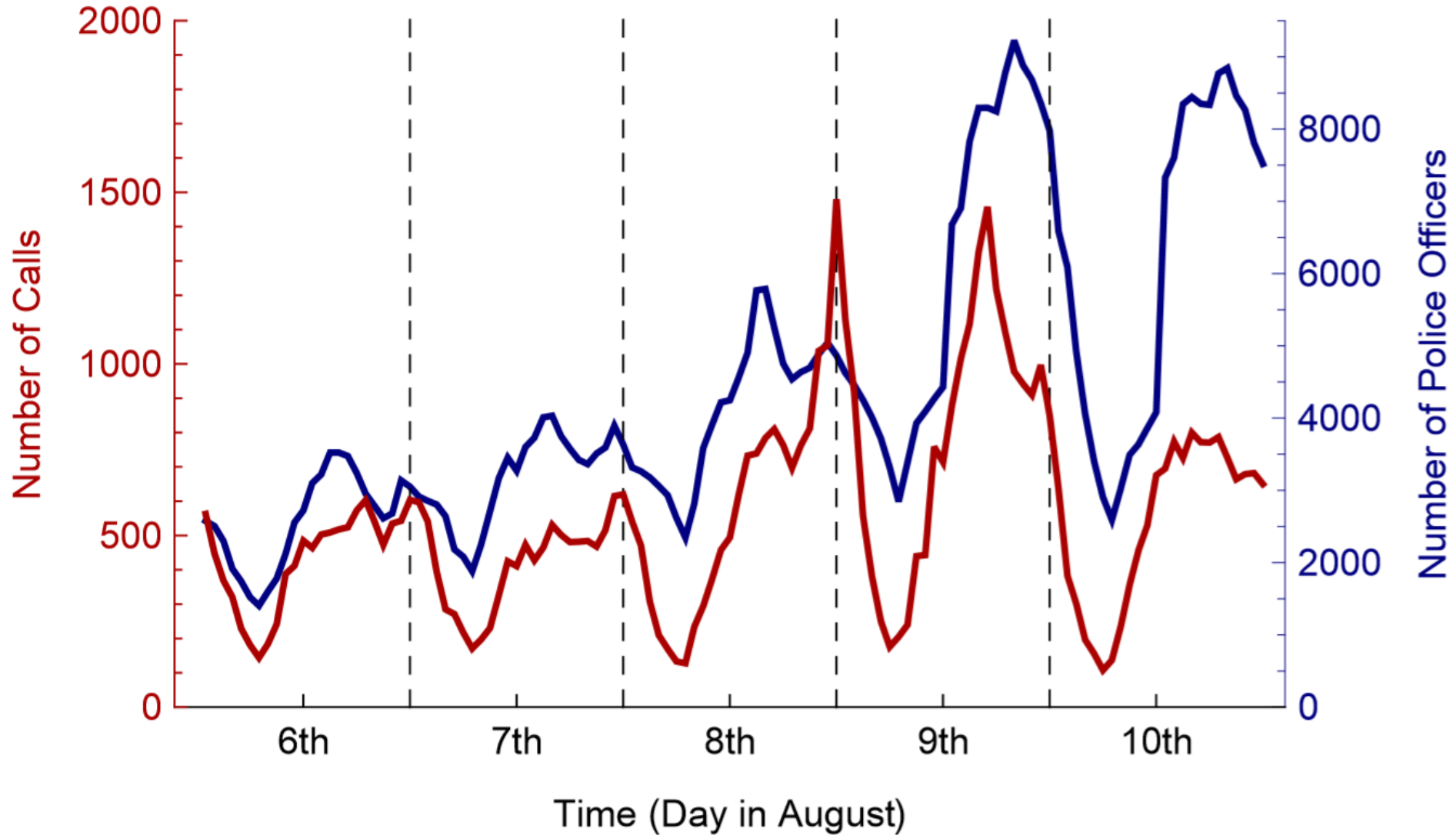
Definitions



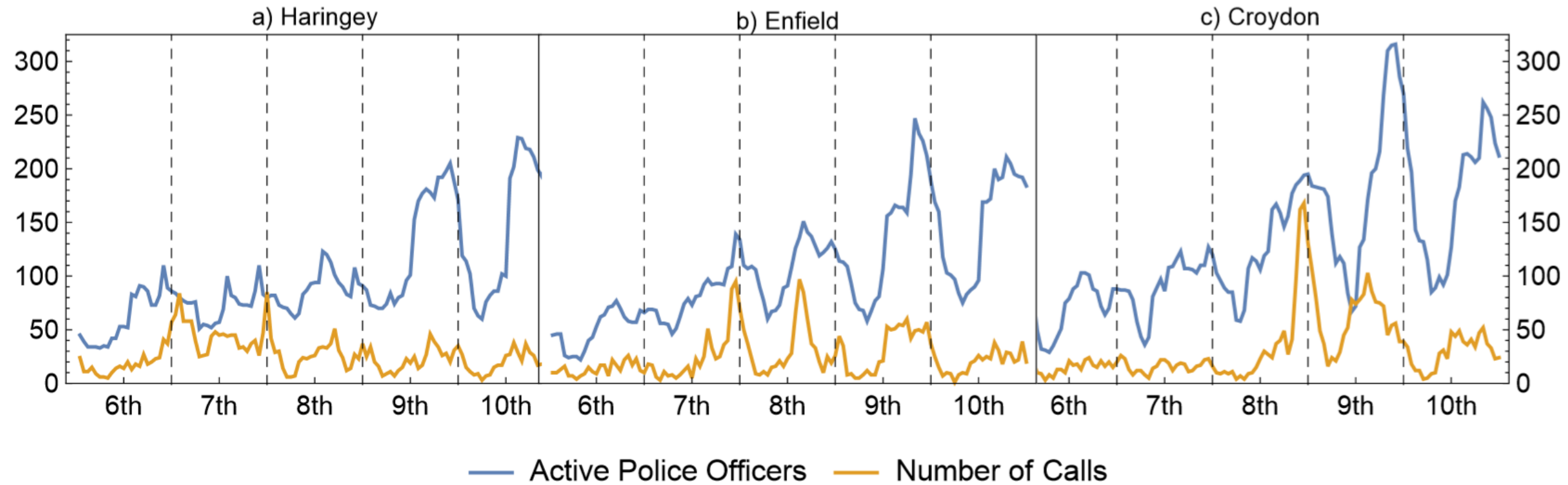
Generic Riot Timeline



London Data

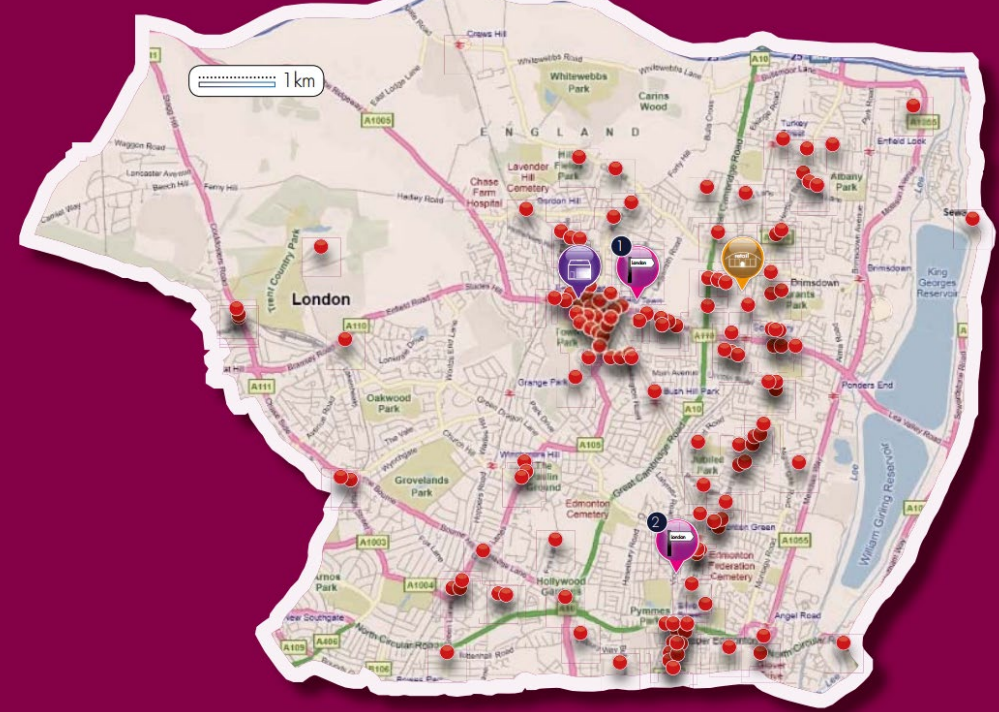
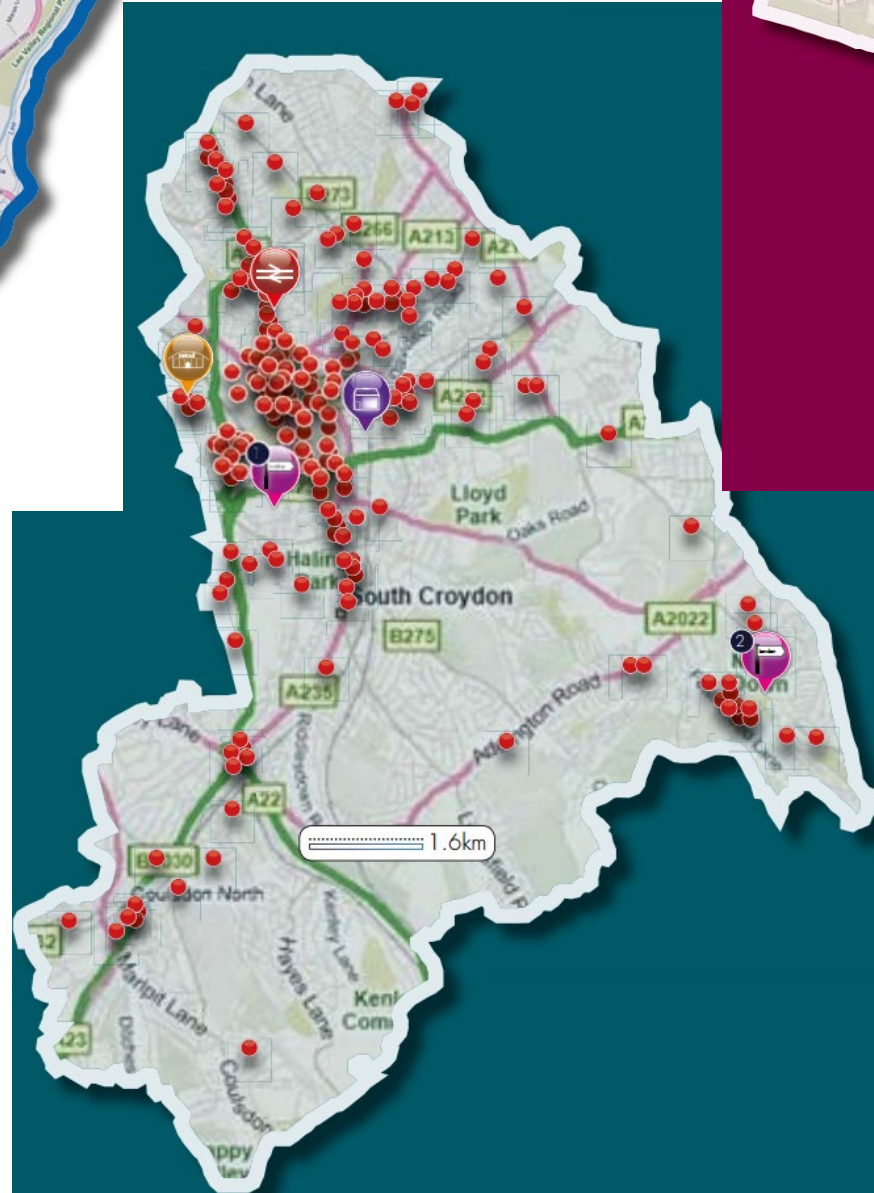
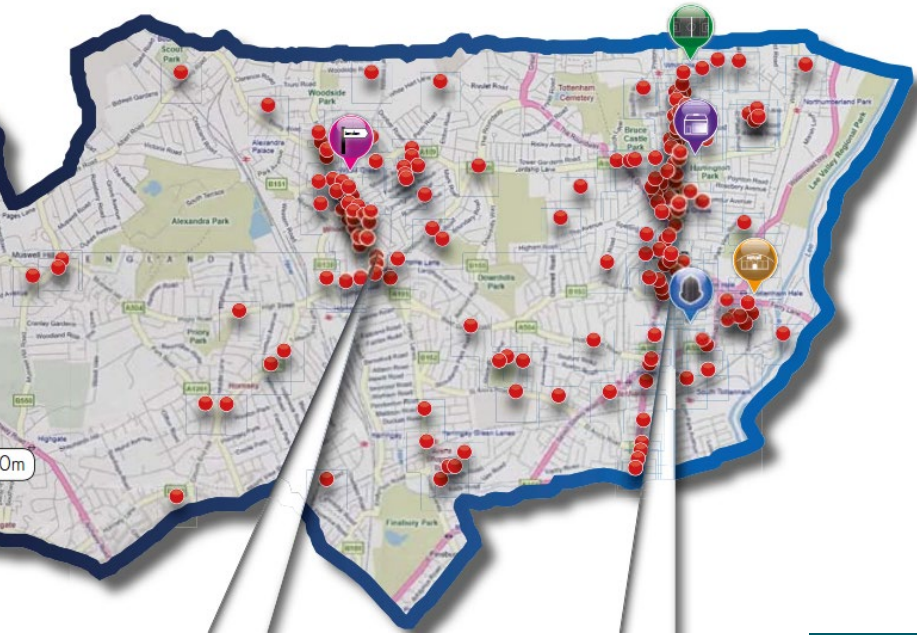


Individual Boroughs



London geography





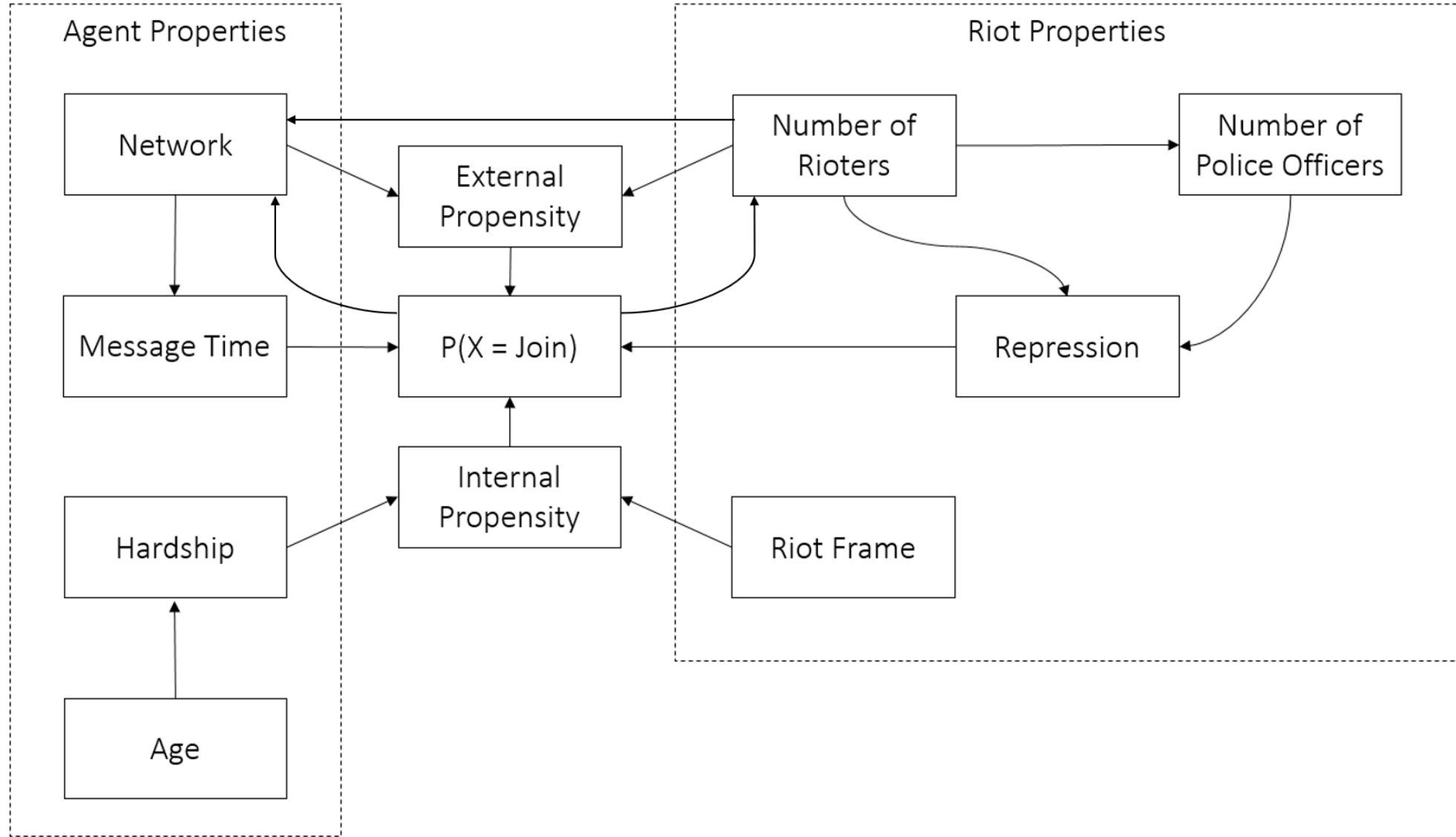
Three models

1. Protests → Riot time and intensity
2. Social networks → Riot spread
3. Effect of demographic structures and segregation

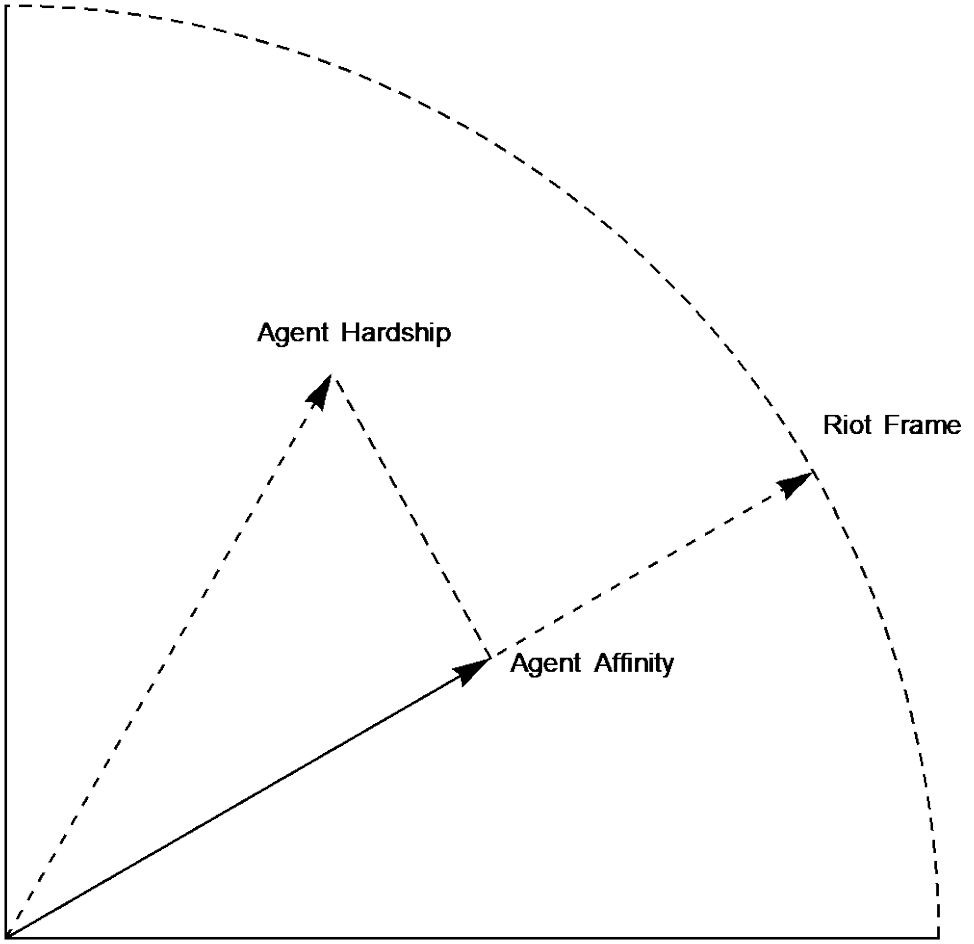
Every tick

- Only model potential rioters
- Agents can join
- Agents can leave
- Police responds

Join variables



Agent affinity



Join equations

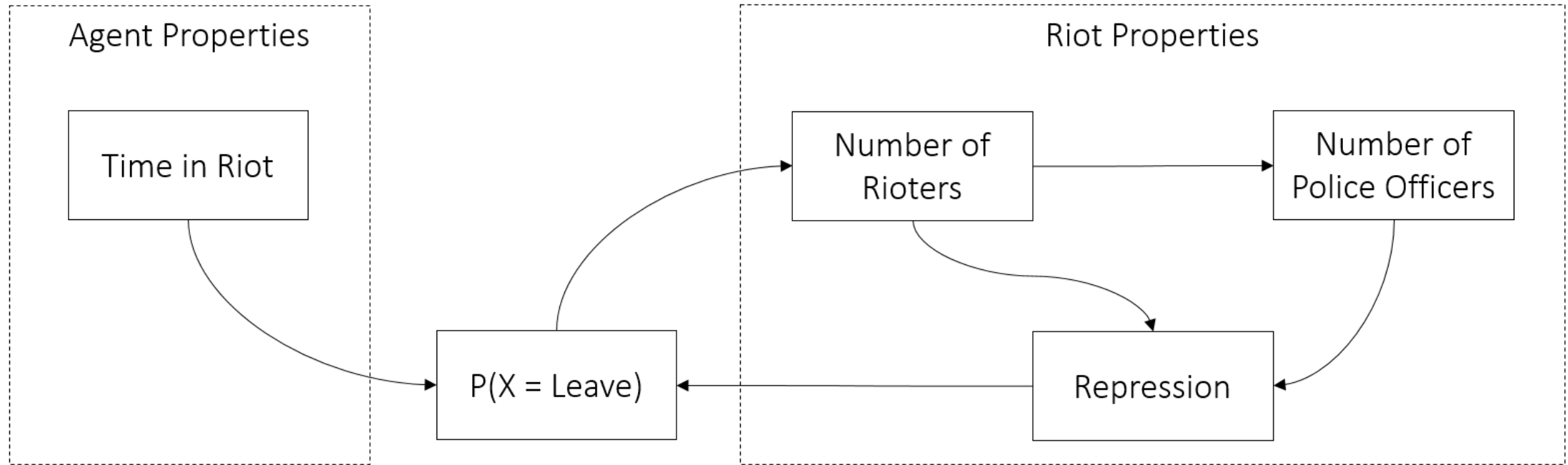
$$P(X = \text{communicate}) = \alpha \cdot e^{-\omega T_M},$$

$$E = \frac{e^{\beta \cdot C_R - \gamma}}{1 + e^{\beta \cdot C_R - \gamma}},$$

$$R = \frac{N_R}{N_R + \delta \cdot N_P}.$$

$$P(X = \text{join}) = R \cdot \frac{I + E}{2} \cdot e^{-\omega T_M}.$$

Leave variables



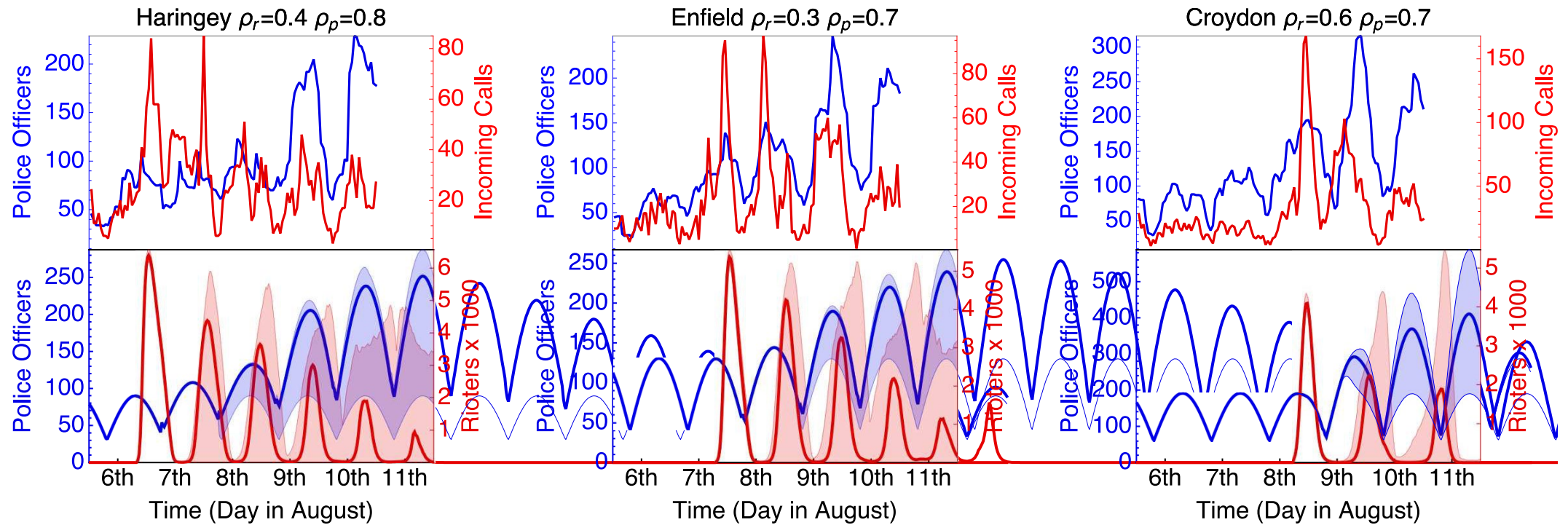
Leave equations

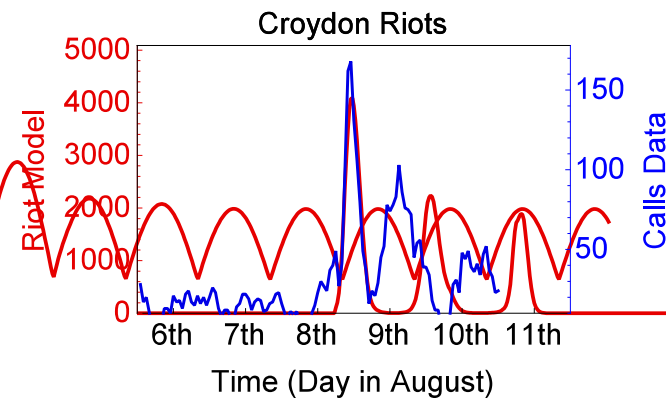
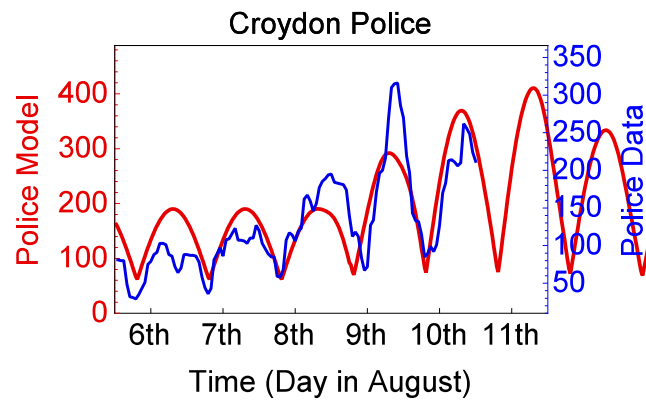
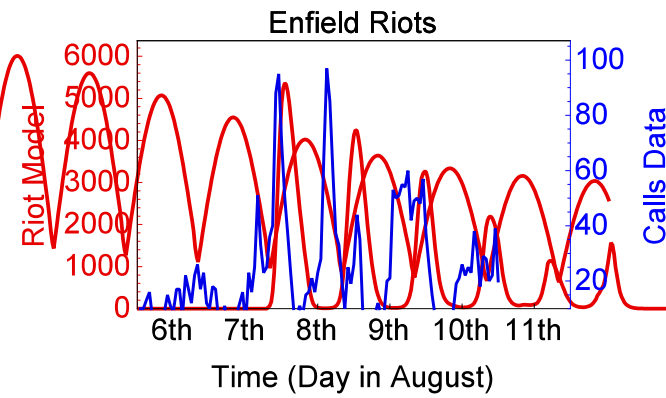
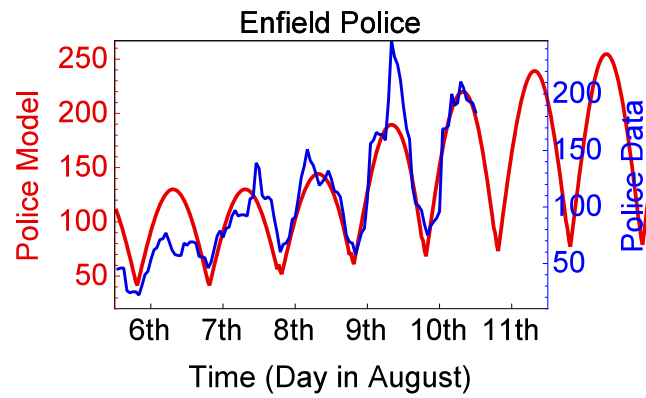
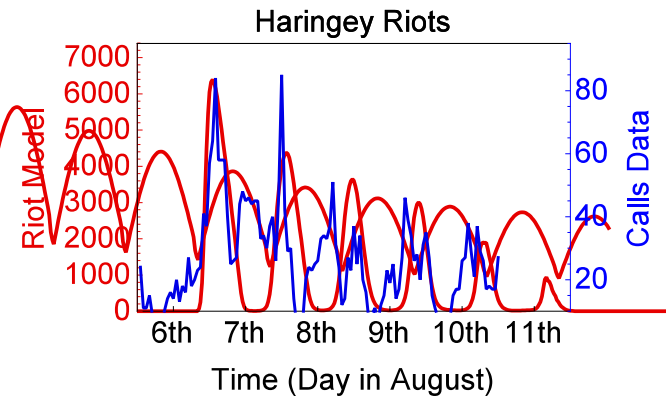
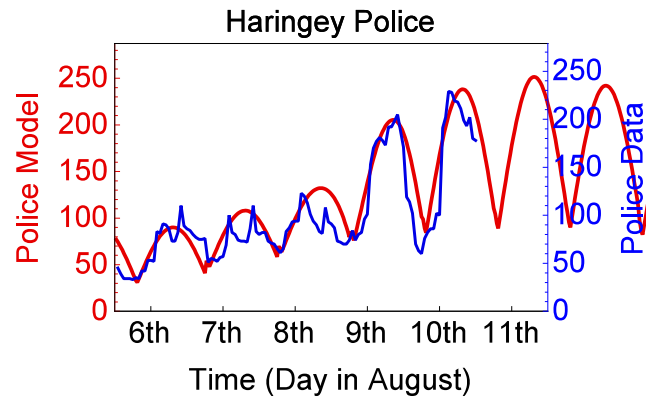
$$P(X = \text{leave}) = (1 - R)(1 - e^{-\varepsilon \cdot T_R}),$$

$$R = \frac{N_R}{N_R + \delta \cdot N_P}.$$

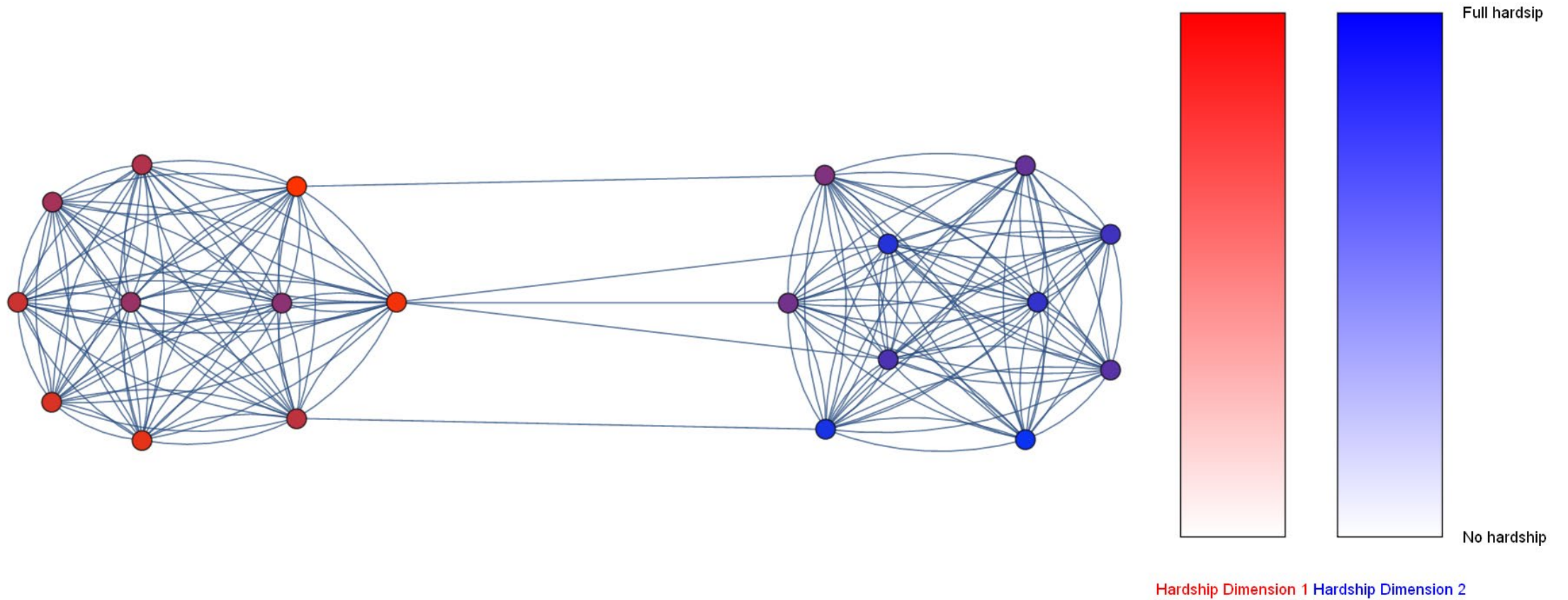
- Cooldown prevents rejoining

Calibration results

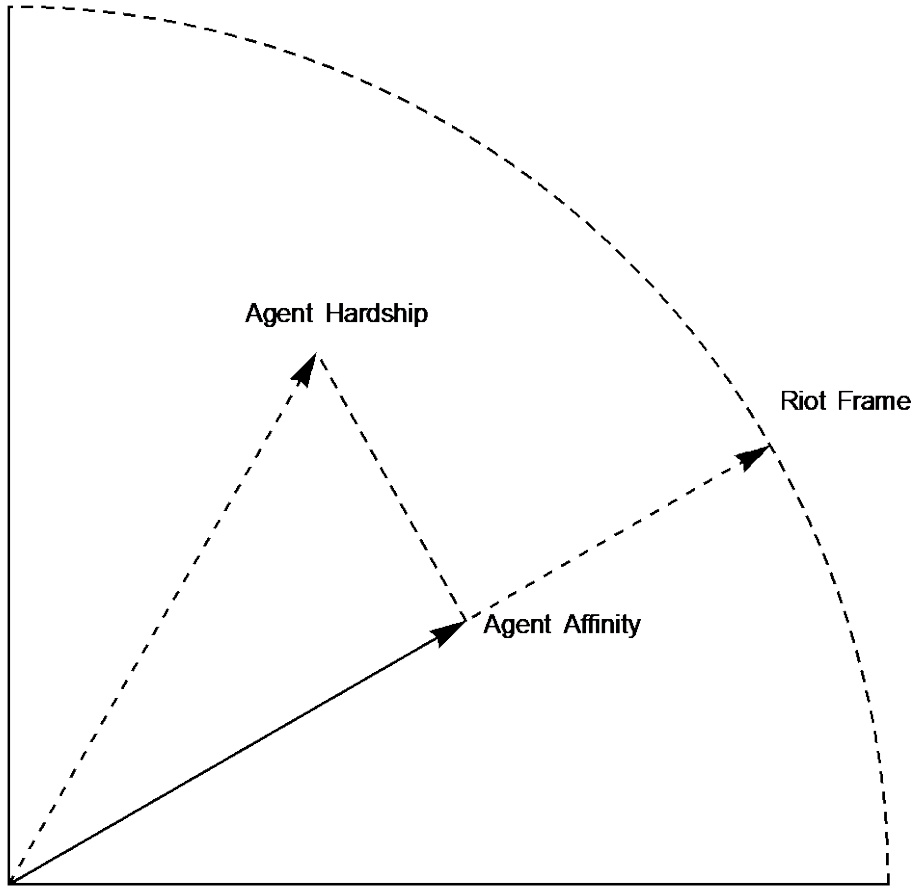




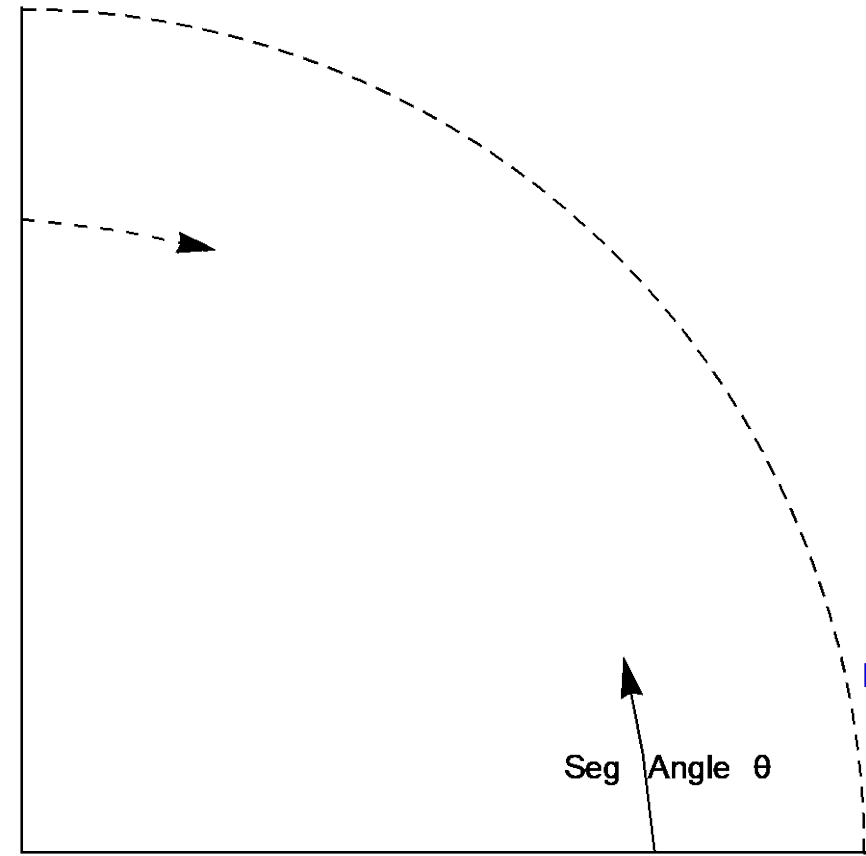
Research setup



Hardship allocation

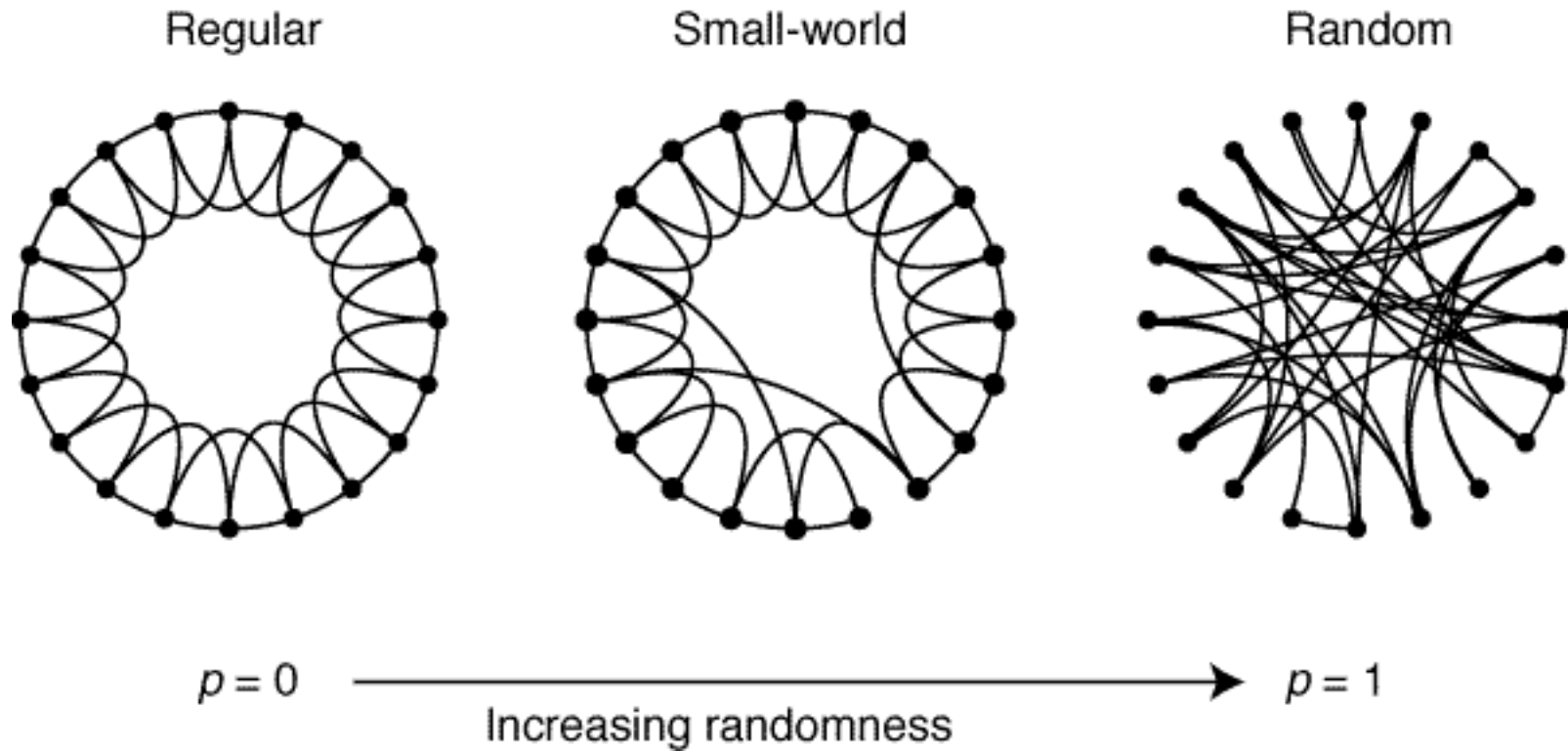


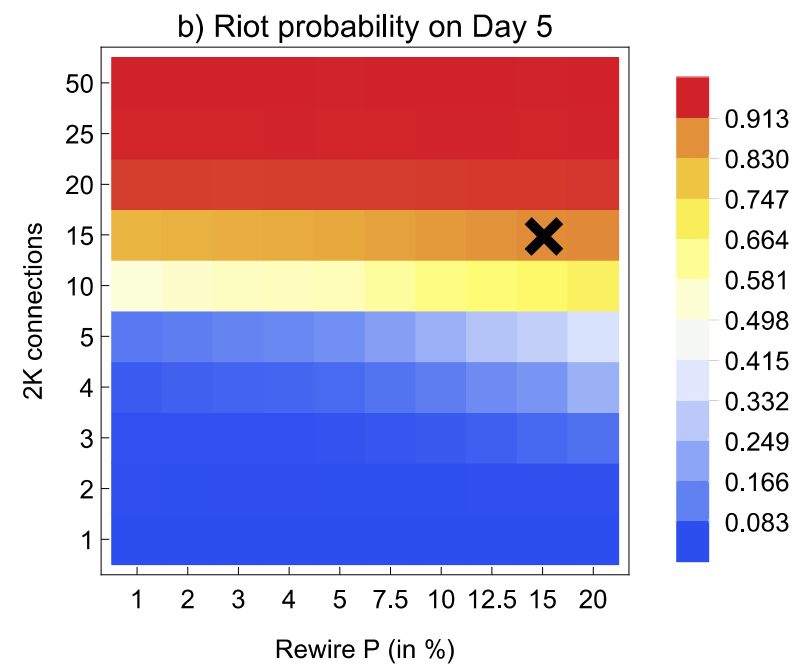
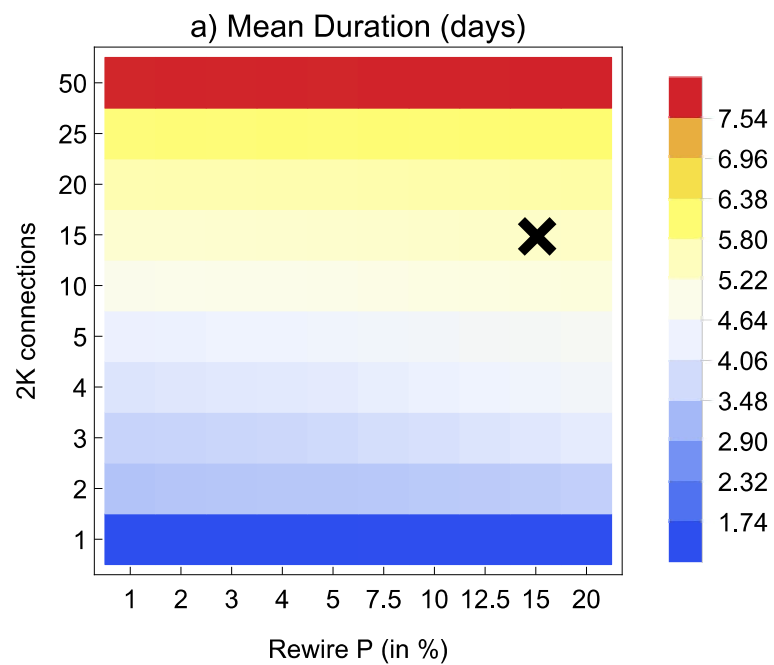
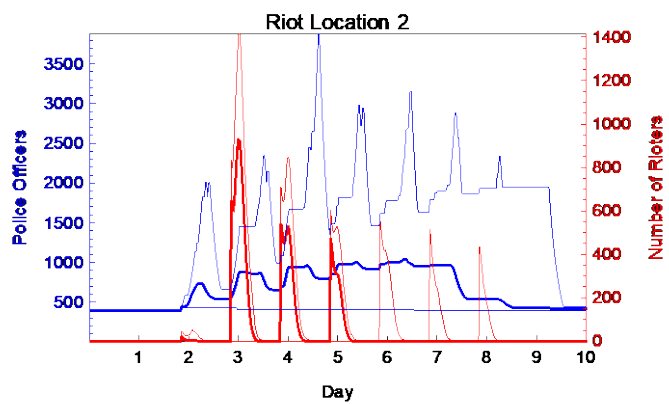
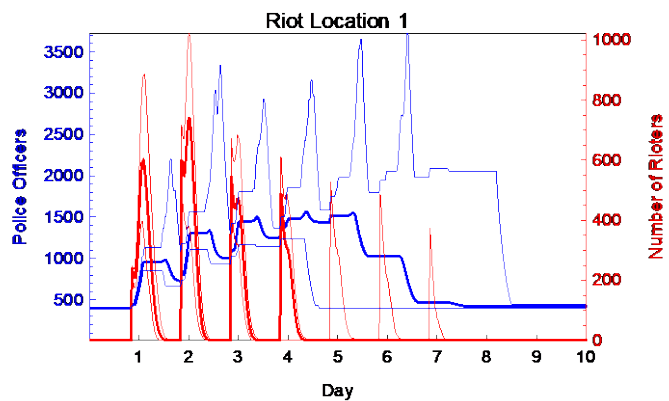
Hardship Cluster 2



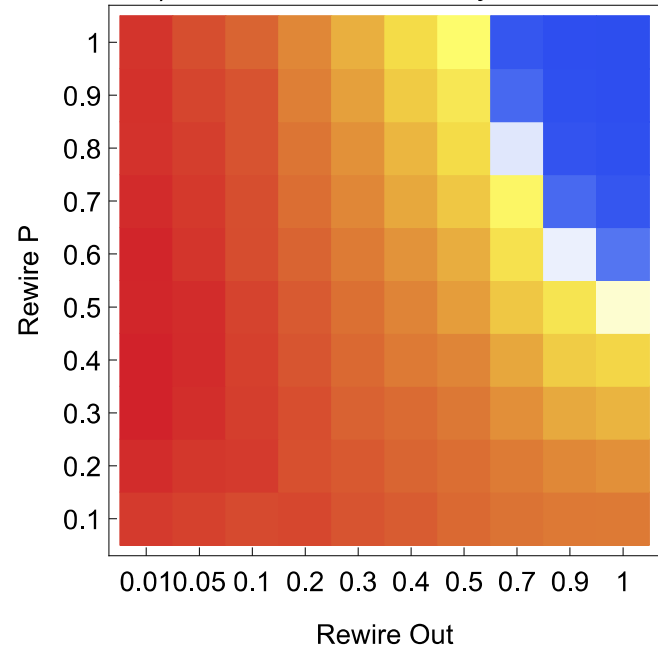
Hardship Cluster 1

Small world network + variation



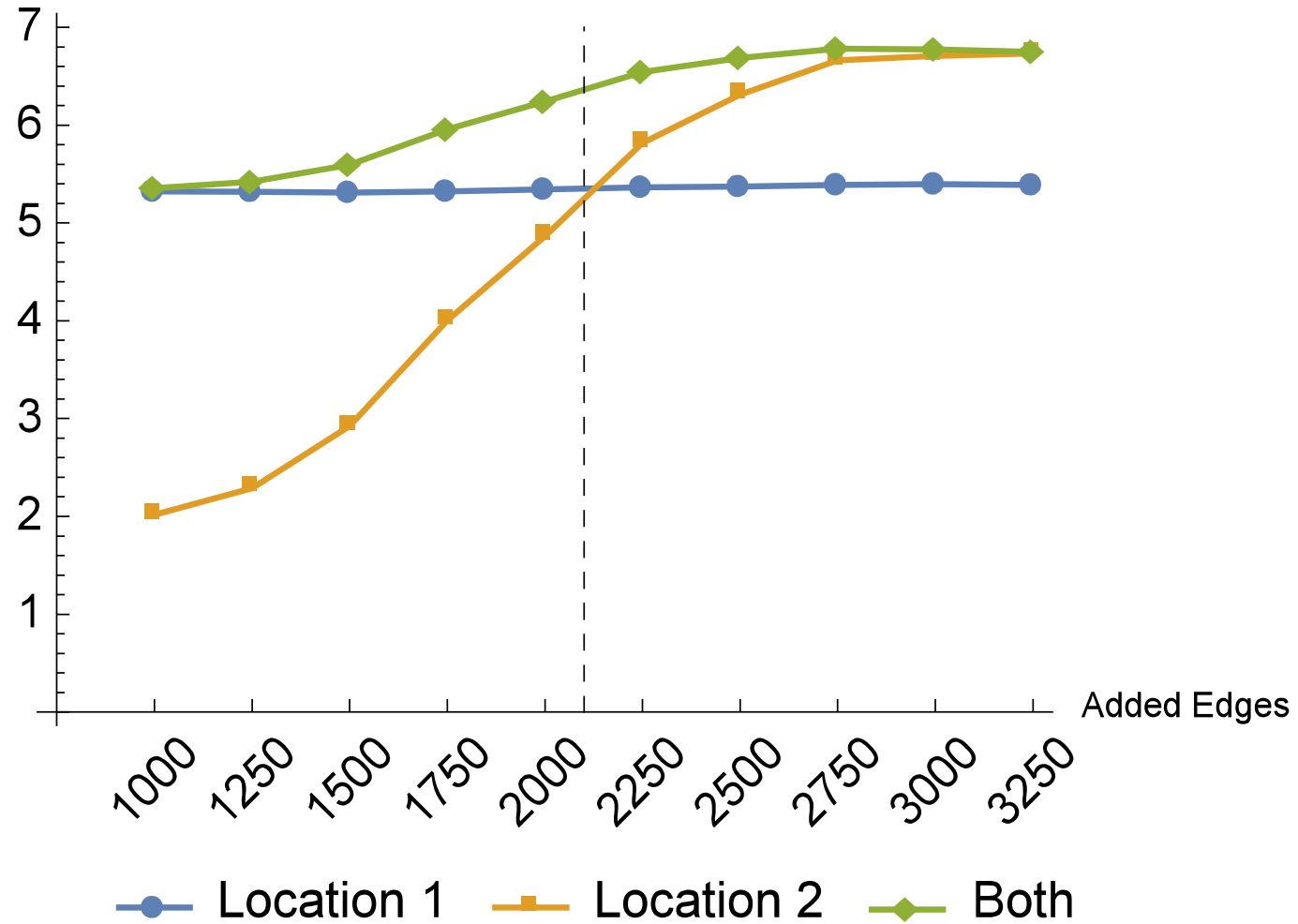


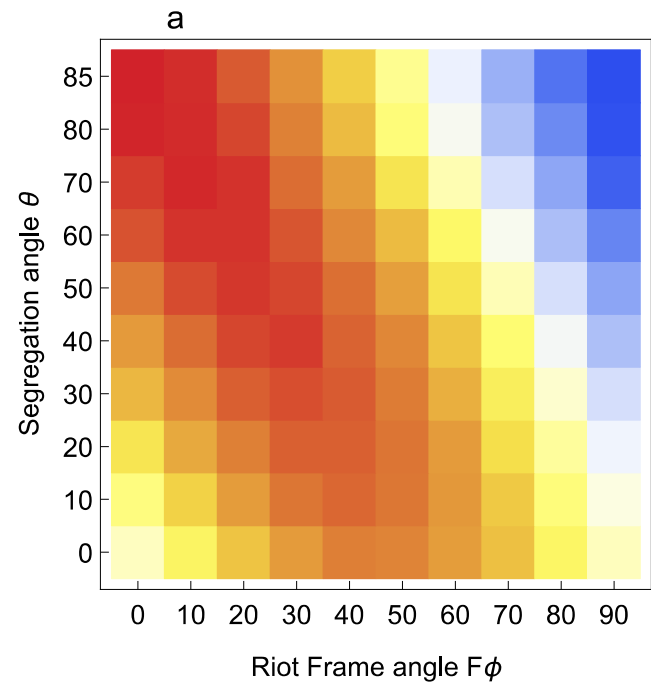
a) Cluster 1 Riot Activity – mean*



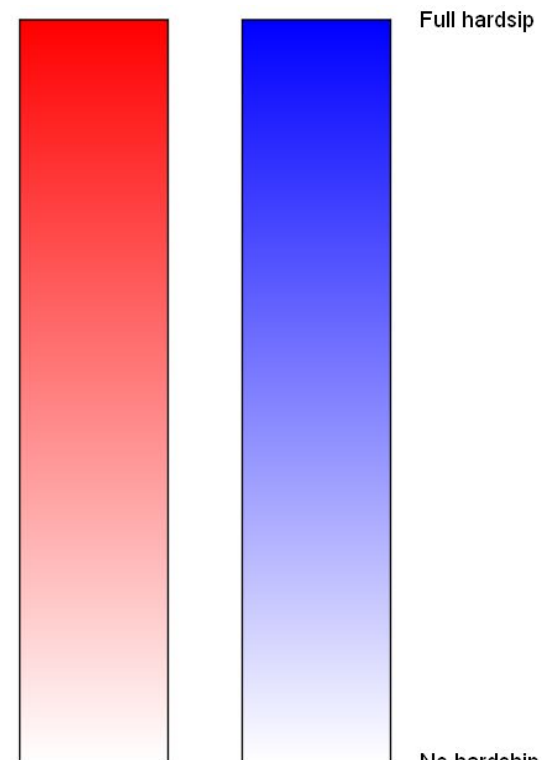
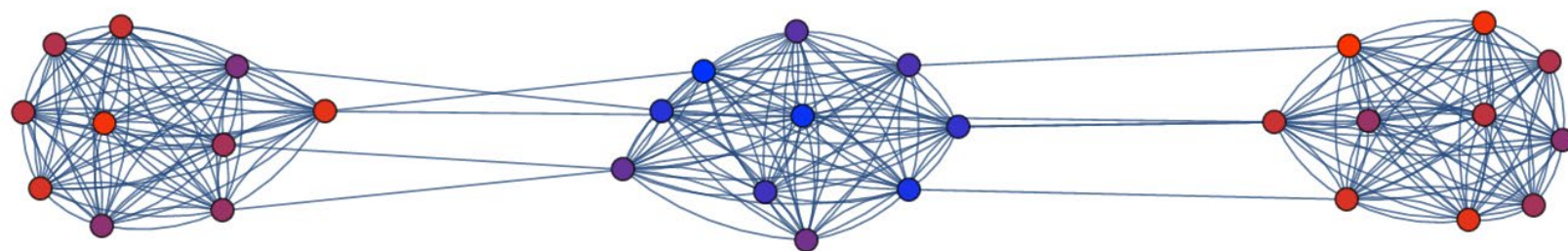
Constant N Edges

Riot Duration (days)





Riot spread in 3 clusters



Hardship Dimension 1 Hardship Dimension 2

